

Alex is a bus driver, but now he is in bed asleep. So: He is not driving a bus. (He is asleep.) but He drives a bus. (He is a bus driver.) Drive(s)/work(s)/do(es) etc. is the present simple:

I/we/you/they	drive/work/do etc.
helehelir	driveshwaskeldaes etc

We use the present simple to talk about things in general. We are not thinking only about now. We use it to say that something happens all the time or repeatedly, or that something is true in general. It is not important whether the action is happening at the time of speaking:

- Nurses look after patients in hospitals.
- I usually go away at weekends.
- . The earth goes round the sun.

Remember that we say: he/she/it -s. Don't forget the s:

I work... but He works... They teach... but My sister teaches...
For spelling (-s or -es), see Appendix 6.

We use do/does to make questions and negative sentences:

do does	I/we/you/they he/she/it	work?
		do?

I/we/you/they he/she/it	don't doesn't	work
		do

- . I come from Canada. Where do you come from?
- Would you like a cigarette?' 'No, thanks. I don't smoke.'
- What does this word mean? (not 'What means this word?')
- Rice doesn't grow in cold climates.

In the following examples do is also the main verb:

- What do you do?' (= What's your job?) 'I work in a shop.'
- . He's so lazy. He doesn't do anything to help me. (not 'He doesn't anything')

We use the present simple when we say how often we do things:

- I get up at 8 o'clock every morning. (not 'I'm getting')
- How often do you go to the dentist? (not 'How often are you going?')
- . Ann doesn't drink tea very often.
- In nummer John usually plays tennis once or twice a week.

I promise / I apologise etc.

Sometimes we do things by saying something. For example, when you promise to do something, you can say 'I promise...'; when you suggest something, you can say 'I suggest...'. We use the present simple (promise/suggest etc.) in sentences like this:

- . I promise I won't be late. (not 'I'm promising')
- What do you suggest I do? "I suggest that you..."

In the same way we say: I apologise... / I advise... / I insist... / I agree... / I refuse... etc.

## EXERCISES

Co	omplete the sentences using one of the following:
	cause(s) close(s) drink(s) live(s) open(s) speak(s) take(s) place
	Ann speaks German very well. 4 Bad driving many accidents.
	I never coffee. 5 My parents in a very
	The swimming poolat small flat.
۳.	9 o'clock and
	every day. every four years.
Pi	at the verb into the correct form.
	Janedoeen't drink (not/drink) tea very often.
	What time (the banks / close) in Britain?
3	'Where
4	'What
5	It (take) me an hour to get to work. How long
	(it/take) you?
6	I
7	I don't understand this sentence. What
U	se one of the following verbs to complete these sentences. Sometimes you need the negative
	believe eat flow go grow make rise tell translate
1	The earth
2	Ricedoesn't grow in Britain. language into another.
3	The sun in the east. 8 A liar is someone who
A	Beesboney, the truth.
5	Vegetarians meat. 9 The River Amazon into
6	An atheist in God. the Atlantic Ocean.
	ik Liz questions about herself and her family.
1	You know that Liz plays tennis. You want to know how often. Ask her.
v	How often do you play tennie?
h	Perhaps Liz's sister plays tennis too. You want to know. Ask Liz.
ı	You know that Liz reads a newspaper every day. You want to know which one. Ask her.
4	You know that Liz's brother works. You want to know what he does. Ask Liz.
5	You know that Liz goes to the cinema a lot. You want to know how often. Ask her.
6	You don't know where Liz's mother lives. Ask Liz.
0	complete using one of the following:
	Lapologise Linsist I promise Trecommend Louggest
V	It's a nice dayleuggest we go out for a walk.

for what I said about you. It wasn't true and I shouldn't have said it.

Luron't tell anybody what you said.

rin a restaurant) You must let me pay for the meal.